

## Formulas in Power Apps combine many elements.

Listed below are:

**Functions** take parameters, perform an operation, and return a value. For example, **Sqrt(25)** returns **5**. Functions are modeled after Microsoft Excel functions. Some functions have side effects, such as **SubmitForm**, which are appropriate only in a [behavior formula](#) such as **Button.OnSelect**.

**Signals** return information about the environment. For example, [\*\*Location\*\*](#) returns the device's current GPS coordinates. Signals don't take parameters or have side effects.

**Enumerations** return a pre-defined constant value. For example, [\*\*Color\*\*](#) is an enumeration that has pre-defined values for **Color.Red**, **Color.Blue**, and so forth. Common enumerations are included here; function-specific enumerations are described with the function.

**Named operators**, such as [\*\*ThisItem\*\*](#) and [\*\*Self\*\*](#), provide access to information from within a container.

Other elements include:

Operators and identifiers / Controls and their properties / Data types

A

[\*\*Abs\*\*](#) – Absolute value of a number.

[\*\*Acceleration\*\*](#) – Reads the acceleration sensor in your device.

[\*\*Acos\*\*](#) – Returns the arccosine of a number, in radians.

[\*\*Acot\*\*](#) – Returns the arccotangent of a number, in radians.

[\*\*AddColumns\*\*](#) – Returns a table with [columns](#) added.

[\*\*And\*\*](#) – Boolean logic AND. Returns **true** if all arguments are **true**. You can also use the [\*\*&& operator\*\*](#).

[\*\*App\*\*](#) – Provides information about the currently running app and control over the app's behavior.

[\*\*Asin\*\*](#) – Returns the arcsine of a number, in radians.

[\*\*Assert\*\*](#) – Evaluates to true or false in a test.

[\*\*As\*\*](#) – Names the current record in gallery, form, and record scope functions such as **ForAll**, **With**, and **Sum**.

[\*\*AsType\*\*](#) – Treats a record reference as a specific table type.

[\*\*Atan\*\*](#) – Returns the arctangent of a number, in radians.

[\*\*Atan2\*\*](#) – Returns the arctangent based on an (x,y) coordinate, in radians.

[\*\*Average\*\*](#) – Calculates the average of a table expression or a set of arguments.



B

**Back** – Displays the previous screen.

**Blank** – Returns a *blank* value that can be used to insert a NULL value in a data source.

**Boolean** – Converts a text string, number, or untyped value to a Boolean value.

C

**Calendar** – Retrieves information about the calendar for the current locale.

**Char** – Translates a character code into a string.

**Choices** – Returns a table of the possible values for a lookup column.

**Clear** – Deletes all data from a [collection](#).

**ClearCollect** – Deletes all data from a collection and then adds a set of [records](#).

**ClearData** – Clears a collection or all collections from an app host such as a local device.

**Clock** – Retrieves information about the clock for the current locale.

**Coalesce** – Replaces *blank* values while leaving non-*blank* values unchanged.

**Collect** – Creates a collection or adds data to a data source.

**Color** – Sets a property to a built-in color value.

**ColorFade** – Fades a color value.

**ColorValue** – Translates a CSS color name or a hex code to a color value.

**Compass** – Returns your compass heading.

**Concat** – Concatenates strings in a data source.

**Concatenate** – Concatenates strings.

**Concurrent** – Evaluates multiple formulas concurrently with one another.

**Connection** – Returns information about your network connection.

**Copy** – Copies text to the clipboard on the device where the app is running.

**Count** – Counts table records that contain numbers.

**Cos** – Returns the cosine of an angle specified in radians.

**Cot** – Returns the cotangent of an angle specified in radians.

**CountA** – Counts table records that aren't [empty](#).

**CountIf** – Counts table records that satisfy a condition.

**CountRows** – Counts table records.

D

**DataSourceInfo** – Provides information about a data source.

**Date** – Returns a date/time value, based on **Year**, **Month**, and **Day** values.

**DateAdd** – Adds days, months, quarters, or years to a date/time value.



**DateDiff** – Subtracts two date values, and shows the result in days, months, quarters, or years.

**DateTime** – Returns a date/time value, based on both date and time components.

**DateTimeValue** – Converts a date and time string to a date/time value.

**DateValue** – Converts a date-only string to a date/time value.

**Day** – Retrieves the day portion of a date/time value.

**Dec2Hex** – Convert a number to a hexadecimal text string.

**Defaults** – Returns the default values for a data source.

**Degrees** – Converts radians to degrees.

**Disable** – Disables a signal, such as **Location** for reading the GPS.

**Distinct** – Summarizes records of a table, removing duplicates.

**Download** – Downloads a file from the web to the local device.

**DropColumns** – Returns a table with one or more columns removed.

E

**EDate** – Adds or subtracts months to a date, without changing the day of the month.

**EditForm** – Resets a form control for editing of an item.

**Enable** – Enables a signal, such as **Location** for reading the GPS.

**EncodeUrl** – Encodes special characters using URL encoding.

**EndsWith** – Checks whether a text string ends with another text string.

**EOMonth** – Adds or subtracts months to a date, returning the last day of that month.

**Error** – Create a custom error or pass through an error.

**Errors** – Provides error information for previous changes to a data source.

**exactin** – Checks if a text string is contained within another text string or table, case dependent. Also used to check if a record is in a table.

**Exit** – Exits the currently running app and optionally signs out the current user.

**Exp** – Returns  $e$  raised to a power.

F

**Filter** – Returns a filtered table based on one or more criteria.

**Find** – Checks whether one string appears within another and returns the location.

**First** – Returns the first record of a table.

**FirstN** – Returns the first set of records (N records) of a table.

**ForAll** – Calculates values and performs actions for all records of a table.

G

**GroupBy** – Returns a table with records grouped together.



**GUID** – Converts a GUID string to a GUID value or creates a new GUID value.

H

**HashTags** – Extracts the hashtags (#strings) from a string.

**Hex2Dec** – Convert a hexadecimal text string to a number.

**Host** – Provides information about the current host running the app.

**Hour** – Returns the hour portion of a date/time value.

I

**If** – Returns one value if a condition is true and another value if not.

**IfError** – Detects errors and provides an alternative value or takes action.

**in** – Checks if a text string is contained within another text string or table, case independent. Also used to check if a record is in a table.

**Index** – Returns a record from a table based on ordered position.

**Int** – Rounds down to the nearest integer.

**IsBlank** – Checks for a **blank** value.

**IsBlankOrError** – Checks for a **blank** value or error.

**IsEmpty** – Checks for an empty table.

**IsError** – Checks for an error.

**IsMatch** – Checks a string against a pattern. Regular expressions can be used.

**IsNumeric** – Checks for a numeric value.

**ISOWeekNum** – Returns the ISO week number of a date/time value.

**IsToday** – Checks whether a date/time value is sometime today in the user's time zone.

**IsType** – Checks whether a record reference refers to a specific table type.

**IsUTCToday** – Checks whether a date/time value is sometime today in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).

J

**JSON** – Generates a JSON text string for a table, a record, or a value.

L

**Language** – Returns the language tag of the current user.

**Last** – Returns the last record of a table.

**LastN** – Returns the last set of records (N records) of a table.

**Launch** – Launches a webpage or a canvas app.

**Left** – Returns the left-most portion of a string.

**Len** – Returns the length of a string.

**Ln** – Returns the natural log.

**LoadData** – Loads a collection from an app host such as a local device.

**Location** – Returns your location as a map coordinate by using the Global Positioning System (GPS) and other information.



**Log** – Returns the logarithm in any base of a number.

**LookUp** – Looks up a single record in a table based on one or more criteria.

**Lower** – Converts letters in a string of text to all lowercase.

M

**Match** – Extracts a substring based on a pattern. Regular expressions can be used.

**MatchAll** – Extracts multiple substrings based on a pattern. Regular expressions can be used.

**Max** – Maximum value of a table expression or a set of arguments.

**Mid** – Returns the middle portion of a string.

**Min** – Minimum value of a table expression or a set of arguments.

**Minute** – Retrieves the minute portion of a date/time value.

**Mod** – Returns the remainder after a dividend is divided by a divisor.

**Month** – Retrieves the month portion of a date/time value.

N

**Navigate** – Changes which screen is displayed.

**NewForm** – Resets a form control for creation of an item.

**Not** – Boolean logic NOT. Returns **true** if its argument is **false**, and returns **false** if its argument is **true**. You can also use the [! operator](#).

**Notify** – Displays a banner message to the user.

**Now** – Returns the current date/time value in the user's time zone.

O

**Or** – Boolean logic OR. Returns **true** if any of its arguments are **true**. You can also use the [|| operator](#).

P

**Param** – Access parameters passed to a canvas app when launched.

**Parent** – Provides access to a container control's properties.

**ParseJSON** – Converts JSON document represented as text to an [Untyped object](#) value.

**Patch** – Modifies or creates a record in a data source, or merges records outside of a data source.

**PDF** – Export contents from the current screen to an object for use in multiple scenarios.

**Pi** – Returns the number  $\pi$ .

**PlainText** – Removes HTML and XML tags from a string.

**Power** – Returns a number raised to a power. You can also use the [^ operator](#).



**Proper** – Converts the first letter of each word in a string to uppercase, and converts the rest to lowercase.

R

**Radians** – Converts degrees to radians.

**Rand** – Returns a pseudo-random number between 0 and 1.

**RandBetween** – Returns a pseudo-random number between two numbers.

**ReadNFC** – Reads a Near Field Communication (NFC) tag.

**RecordInfo** – Provides information about a record of a data source.

**Refresh** – Refreshes the records of a data source.

**Relate** – Relates records of two tables through a one-to-many or many-to-many relationship.

**Remove** – Removes one or more specific records from a data source.

**Removelf** – Removes records from a data source based on a condition.

**RenameColumns** – Renames columns of a table.

**Replace** – Replaces part of a string with another string, by starting position of the string.

**RequestHide** – Hides a SharePoint form.

**Reset** – Resets an input control to its default value, discarding any user changes.

**ResetForm** – Resets a form control for editing of an existing item.

**Revert** – Reloads and clears errors for the records of a data source.

**RGBA** – Returns a color value for a set of red, green, blue, and alpha components.

**Right** – Returns the right-most portion of a string.

**Round** – Rounds to the closest number.

**RoundDown** – Rounds down to the largest previous number.

**RoundUp** – Rounds up to the smallest next number.

S

**SaveData** – Saves a collection to an app host such as a local device.

**Search** – Finds records in a table that contain a string in one of their columns.

**Second** – Retrieves the second portion of a date/time value.

**Select** – Simulates a select action on a control, causing the **OnSelect** formula to be evaluated.

**Self** – Provides access to the properties of the current control.

**Sequence** – Generate a table of sequential numbers, useful when iterating with **ForAll**.

**SendAppNotification (preview)** – Send an in-app notification with optional actions to a recipient.

**Set** – Sets the value of a global variable.



**[SetFocus](#)** – Moves input focus to a specific control.

**[SetProperty](#)** – Simulates interactions with input controls.

**[ShowColumns](#)** – Returns a table with only selected columns.

**[Shuffle](#)** – Randomly reorders the records of a table.

**[Sin](#)** – Returns the sine of an angle specified in radians.

**[Sort](#)** – Returns a sorted table based on a formula.

**[SortByColumns](#)** – Returns a sorted table based on one or more columns.

**[Split](#)** – Splits a text string into a table of substrings.

**[Sqrt](#)** – Returns the square root of a number.

**[StartsWith](#)** – Checks if a text string begins with another text string.

**[StdevP](#)** – Returns the standard deviation of its arguments.

**[Substitute](#)** – Replaces part of a string with another string, by matching strings.

**[SubmitForm](#)** – Saves the item in a form control to the data source.

**[Sum](#)** – Calculates the sum of a table expression or a set of arguments.

**[Switch](#)** – Matches with a set of values and then evaluates a corresponding formula.

T

**[Table](#)** – Creates a temporary table.

**[Tan](#)** – Returns the tangent of an angle specified in radians.

**[Text](#)** – Converts any value and formats a number or date/time value to a string of text.

**[ThisItem](#)** – Returns the record for the current item in a gallery or form control.

**[ThisRecord](#)** – Returns the record for the current item in a record scope function, such as **ForAll**, **With**, and **Sum**.

**[Time](#)** – Returns a date/time value, based on **Hour**, **Minute**, and **Second** values.

**[TimeValue](#)** – Converts a time-only string to a date/time value.

**[TimeZoneOffset](#)** – Returns the difference between UTC and the user's local time in minutes.

**[Today](#)** – Returns the current date-only value.

**[Trace](#)** – Provide additional information in your test results.

**[Trim](#)** – Removes extra spaces from the ends and interior of a string of text.

**[TrimEnds](#)** – Removes extra spaces from the ends of a string of text only.

**[Trunc](#)** – Truncates the number to only the integer portion by removing any decimal portion.

U

**[Ungroup](#)** – Removes a grouping.



**Unrelate** – Unrelates records of two tables from a one-to-many or many-to-many relationship.

**Update** – Replaces a record in a data source.

**UpdateContext** – Sets the value of one or more [context variables](#) of the current screen.

**UpdateIf** – Modifies a set of records in a data source based on a condition.

**Upper** – Converts letters in a string of text to all uppercase.

**User** – Returns information about the current user.

**UTCNow** – Returns the current date/time value in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).

**UTCToday** – Returns the current date-only value in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).

V

**Validate** – Checks whether the value of a single column or a complete record is valid for a data source.

**Value** – Converts a string to a number.

**VarP** – Returns the variance of its arguments.

**ViewForm** – Resets a form control for viewing of an existing item.

W

**Weekday** – Retrieves the weekday portion of a date/time value.

**WeekNum** – Returns the week number of a date/time value.

**With** – Calculates values and performs actions for a single record, including inline records of named values.

Y

**Year** – Retrieves the year portion of a date/time value.